

9月22日：明代的西印度洋

# 汪大淵《島夷志略》

## 甘埋里

其國邇南馮之地，與佛朗相近。乘風張帆二月可至小唎喃。其地船名為馬船，大於商舶，不使釘灰，用椰索版成片。每舶二三層，用板橫棧，滲漏不勝，梢人日夜輪戽水不使竭。下以乳香壓重，上戴馬數百匹，頭小尾輕，鹿身吊肚，四蹄削鐵，高七尺許，日夜可行千里。

所有木香，琥珀之類，均產自佛朗國來，商販於西洋互易。去貨丁香，荳蔻、青緞、麝香、紅色燒珠、蘇杭色緞、蘇木、青白花器、瓷瓶、鐵條，以胡椒戴而返。椒之所以貴者，皆因此船運去尤多，較商舶之取，十不及其一焉。

## **Foreign policy of Zhu Di 朱棣 (Yongle 永樂, 1402-1424):**

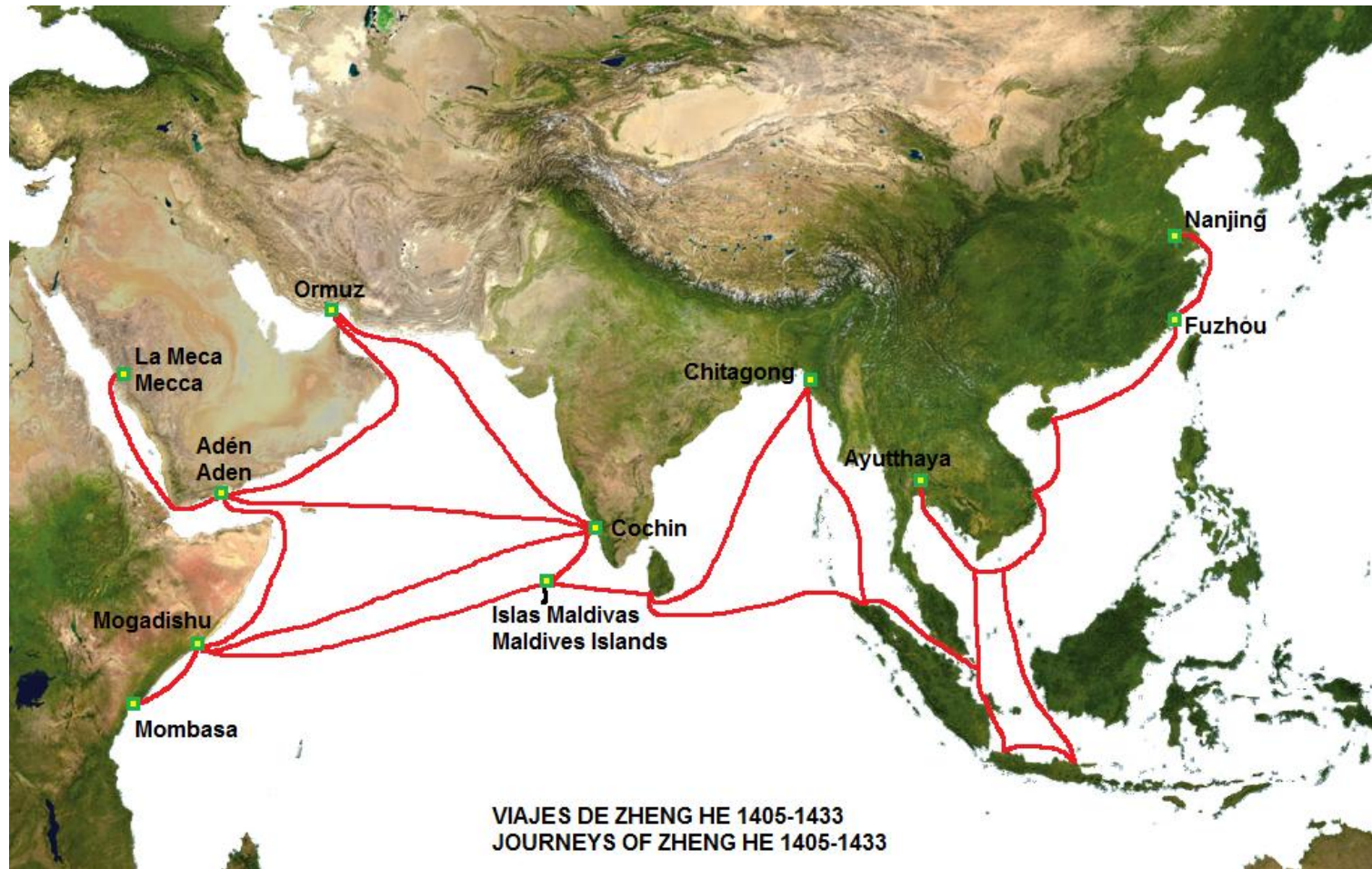
- Large-scale campaigns against the Mongols with participation of the emperor
- Occupation of Vietnam
- Maritime expeditions to the western Indian Ocean under the leadership of admiral Zheng He
- Active foreign policy towards Central Asia



Scale 1:32,000,000 at 5°N  
Mercator Projection



Boundary representation is not necessarily authoritative.  
Names in Vietnam are shown without diacritical marks.







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